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Academic Librarians' Opinions on Social Justice Advocacy

Judith L. Brink Drescher Molloy University, jdrescher@molloy.edu

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Academic Librarians' Opinions on Social Justice Advocacy

Judy Brink Drescher

Molloy University ELUNA 2023 Annual Meeting

Problem Statement

Systemic issues of a dominant narrative pervades libraries and academia

At an average of 80%, the field of librarianship is overwhelmingly white, largely comprised of middle-aged, middle-class females¹

There is a gender and race imbalance within salary and leadership opportunities²

There is difficulty attracting and retaining librarians and staff from historically marginalized groups³

Lack of diversity can impede our ability to support an increasingly diverse student and workforce population⁴

¹American Library Association (2017). *Member demographics study.* Schoenfeld, R. C., & Sweeney, L. (2017). *Inclusion, diversity, and equity: Members of the Association of Research Libraries: Employee demographics and user perspectives*

²American Library Association (2007). Library directors: Gender and salary.

³Alabi, J. (2015a). Racial microaggressions in academic libraries: Results of a survey of minority and non-minority librarians. The Journal of Academic Librarianship, 41(1), 47–53. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.acalib.2014.10.008

⁴National Center for Education Statistics. (2021). *Condition of education: Undergraduate enrollment*.

Purpose of the Study

What leads some academic librarians to reflect upon and interrogate their worldview, so they become actively engaged as advocates and social justice allies (SJAs)?

What informs or impedes increased levels of social justice interest and commitment within the profession?

"Allies are people with a genuine desire to create justice. They are individuals from a privileged group who make intentional choices to support or work for the rights of those from the oppressed group."*

*Goodman, D. J. (2011). Promoting diversity and social justice: Educating people from privileged groups, Routledge. p. 157.

Background

- Study served as a partial fulfillment toward an Ed.D.
- A two-phase mixed methods approach of surveys and interviews
- quantitative QUALITATIVE

• Emphasis on understanding the WHY

Timeline

Total response n = 156Final sample n = 113



^{*}Brink Drescher, J. L., (2022). Toward a transdisciplinary model of social justice in academic librarianship: Promoting critical awareness within advocates and privileged allies. https://digitalcommons.molloy.edu/etd/133

Population & Sampling

- Academic Librarians as the target population
- Five Listservs
 - ACRL Members, Instruction and Framework Lists
 - ALA Members List
 - State University of New York Librarian Listserv (SUNY-LA)
- Candidate Criteria for Interviews Informed via the Survey
 - Volunteer to be interviewed
 - Interest and commitment determined by the Social Issues Questionnaire (SIQ)*
 - Answers to Open-ended Questions (OeQs) regarding advocacy
 - 24 volunteers in interview candidate pool
 - 9 approached, 6 agreed

^{*}Miller, M. J., Sendrowitz, K., Connacher, C., Blanco, S. Muñiz de la Peña, C, Bernardi, S., & Morere, L. (2009). College students' social justice interest and commitment: A social-cognitive perspective. *Journal of Counseling Psychology*, *56*(4), 495–507.

A Mixed-Methods Approach

Quantitative (Survey)

- Librarian Profile Survey: 7 closed-ended questions
- Personal Demographics: 5 closed-ended questions
- Social Issues Questionnaire (SIQ): 5 part/52 questions
- Advocacy: 2 closed-ended, 5 Open-ended Questions (OeQs)

Qualitative (Interviews)

- Social Justice Ally (SJA) Narratives
- Overarching Themes

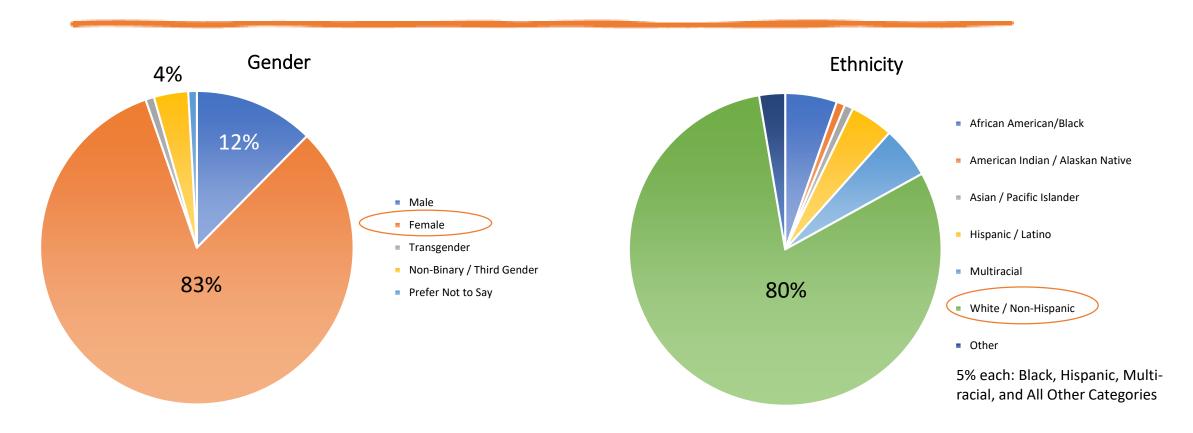
Integrative (Overlap)

- Mixed assessment between OeQs and those Interviewed
- Overlap analysis between SJAs and Librarian Advocates
- Informed overall Implications for Practice

Quantitative Results: Professional Demographics

Baseline Characteristic	n	%
Graduate Level of Education		
MLS or Equivalent	(113)	71
One or More Additional Master's Degrees	38	23
Doctorate	9	6
Provides Instruction		
Yes	95	85
No	18	15
Is Part of Administration		
Yes	22	19)
No	91	81

Quantitative Results: Personal Demographics



Personal Demographics Summary:

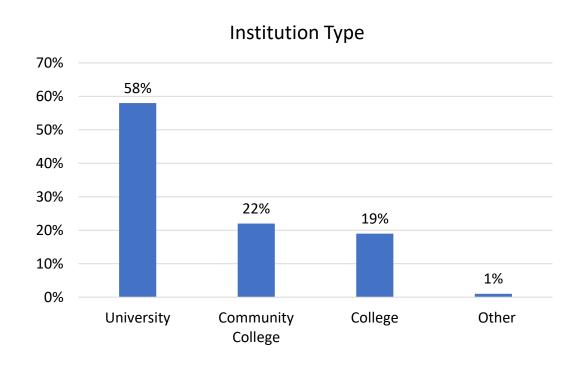
• Birth Country: 99% U.S.

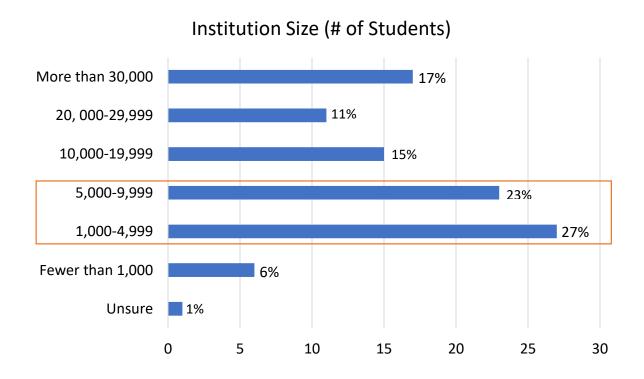
• First Language: 92% English (U.S.)

Gender: 83% Female; 12% Male; 4% Other

Baseline Characteristic	n	Minimum	Maximum	M	SD
Years in Profession	112	1	57	20.17	11.152
Age	108	24	72	42.97	11.126

Quantitative Results: Institutional Demographics

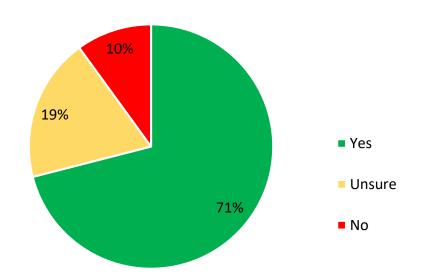




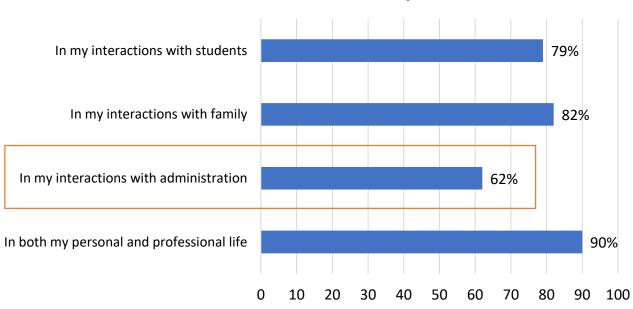
Quantitative Results: Advocacy

Social Justice Attitudes

Do you consider yourself to be a social justice advocate?



I believe I advocate for social justice...



Quantitative Results: Statistical Analysis

Does social justice interest (SJI) correlate with social justice commitment (SJC)?

- There was a strong positive correlation between SJI and SJC
- As social justice interest increased, so did commitment
- Social justice interest also significantly predicted commitment

Quantitative Results: Statistical Analysis

When considering the independent variables of type of institution, size of institution, years in the profession, highest earned degree, provides instruction, is part of library administration, age, ethnicity, and gender:

Is there a relationship between any of these characteristics and a) SJI or b) SJC?

 Neither social justice interest (SJI) nor social justice commitment (SJC) were statistically significant with any of the nominal or scaled variables of librarian characteristics.

Open-ended Questions (OeQs)

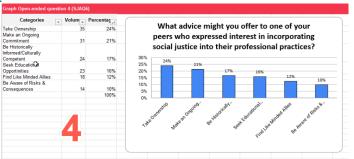
Open-Ended Question	n		M	SD
	Comments	Word Count		
1) With any array or constitution to the same				
1) With any group or constituency, how do you approach issues of social justice?	69	2315	34	1307.082
2) What do you feel some of the benefits are in discussing matters of inequities in academic libraries?	68	2133	31	1202.943
3) What, if any, are some of the barriers you've encountered in advocating for social justice within academic libraries?	64	2227	35	1257.324
4) What advice might you offer to one of your peers who expressed interest in incorporating social justice into their professional practices?	60	2099	35	1184.505
5) Are there any additional comments you would like to add about advocating for social justice				
inside or outside of the library?	29	850	29	473.915

Open-ended Question (OeQ) Analysis

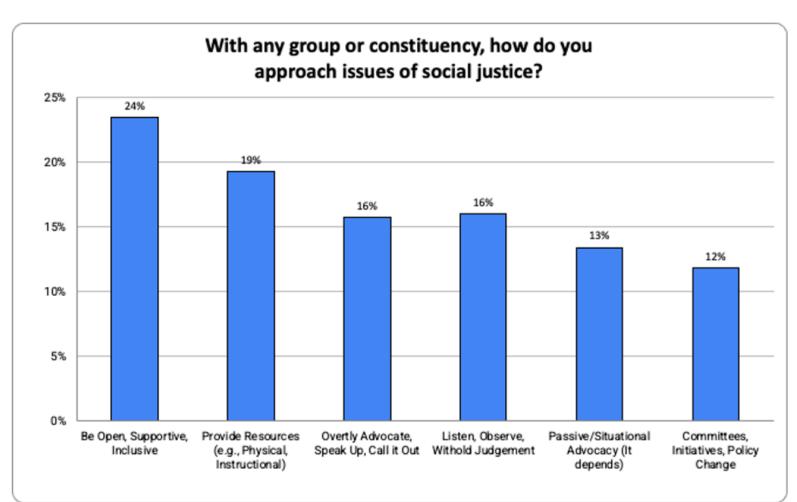
SJAQ3 Approach	SJAQ4 Benefits	SJAQ5 Barriers	Open-ended question 4 (SJAQ6)							
Within any group or constituency, how do you approach issues of social justice?	What do you feel some of the benefits are in discussing matters of inequity within academic libraries?	What, if any, are some of the barriers you've encountered in advocating for social justice within academic libraries?	What advice might you offer to one of your peers who expressed interest in incorporating social justice into their professional practices?	Take Ownership	Seek Educational Opportunities	Be Historically Informed/Cultu rally Competent	Be Aware of the Risks	Find Like- Minded Allies	Start	Total Response Category Count
I am a racial, gender, and disability justice advocate in my professional and personal life. Justice and my principles are deeply ingrained in my daily life in all aspects. I don't see	Access and a sense of belonging are critical aspects of our work as librarians in academic spaces. Barriers to access of knowledge, information sources, and technology - whether physical or implicit/ socially constructed or internal (psychological, emotional, etc.) create inequities and it's our job to dismantle those barriers for our students and	There is a dearth of Black librarians, indigenous librarians, and librarians who identify as Latinx or Hispanic particularly in academic libraries. Academic librarianship perceived as prestigious and elite in an inherently classist attitude that is pervasive even within presumptive attempts to "address inequities." A lot of academic librarianship discussions about these issues is performative and perpetuates hierarchies that are the opposite of the supposed		Be Persistent, Resiliant, Humble, Patient & Persussive, Interrogate biases, Build relationships, Leverage your privilege	PD, SJ specific training, committees, campus/comm unity events, volunteer work	Avoid the soapbbox, White Savior complex, or assuaging guilt, Be specific/avoid jargon, Listen,	Make Time for Self- Care/Reserv e Energy, Professional consequenc es, Disagreemen t, Discomfort, Isolation, Time consuming	Mentors, Leaders and influencers, support networks, safety in numbers,	now/Start small, be intentional, Do it for others and because it's right.Take action, look for low- hanging fruit, Don't give up, Apply multiple annoaches.	
"issues of social justice" as unrelated to how I live in the world.	communities.	inclusion they profess.	Total responses per category % of responses per category	35 24.1%	23 15.9%	24 16.6%	14 9.7%	18 12.4%	31 21.4%	145 100.0%
I am working to include more principles of inclusive teaching in my library instruction.	Academic libraries can help mitigate some barriers that students may face (i.e., access to technology), but they can only do so once these inequities are acknowledged .		Look internally first: policies and procedures. Are you a welcoming place to all? Look to organizers in your local community and take cues from them. Find people you admire and notice when you disagree with them. There is no straight line to justice and justice is never perfect. Try	1					1	
Because of where I live, I try to be sneaky when I talk about social justice issues or the type of volunteering I do. I always go for the most palatable messaging .	We can't start to do better outside of the academic library if we don't address the problems within first.	Faculty attitudes towards student accommodations. Many are very open about the fact that they think students are gaming the system, but admin does not stop this line of talk when it happens is meeting. They also don't address the underlying issue of faculty talking poorly about students with disabilities. There is this messag of unwillingly going along because it is the law.	different ways. Maybe in programming (we have a melanin book club at our library), using instruction		1			1	1	
	Better access to those who may not have it. Potentially being		necessarily have to be big, but should be consistent	1					1	
It depends on how it is brought up. I try to do so calmly in a way that will not upset who ever I am talking to.	able to change the way people look at things. Allowing other to provide better service.		Also be looking for opportunities to learn yourself and to revise existing systems or processes with a more inclusive perspective.	1	1	1				
Book purchasing; book displays			do not if job is threaten or that you may be disappointed, but keep keep trying by means							
At work it works best to relate it to the needs of our students.	Increased success from students who feel heard and represented	People who like to talk about things but never make the move toward action	necessary I would applaud them and tell that they will find support within both the department and upper administration. Take it slowly and remember self-care. It's easy to	1			1	1		
university. The university was founded by Catholic sisters who			burn out.				1		1	
came here to address the medical, educational, and other needs		None	Research, find people who are experts		1			1		
of the community.	It is part of our mission .	None								

2

approach	benefits	barriers	advice
provide resources	dismantling barriers	never address the underlying systemic issue	be persistent
speaking up	acknowledging inequities	pay lip service with no action	seek educational opportunities
being open	better access to resources	non tenured fear / other power restrictions	if you're going to do it, do some tha
listen	look in the mirror	lack of institutional support	be clear minded about the risk and
passive/fear based/only as it comes up	it must be addressed	lack of institutional support	find other like minded allies
informed	demographic disparaties btw staff and stud	union and job description restrictions	start now, start small, keep the morr
committees	improved environment SoC	resistence to change	take responsibility don't expect or re
it depends on where other person or group	examine inherent biases	advocacy/activism doesn't count toward tenu	listen and don't be their voice
policies and procedures	examine climate and work spaces	emotional exhaustion / burn out/ same cast of	make an ongoing lasting commitme
	better service	avoidance/being perceived as a troublemake	marginalized groups need to make

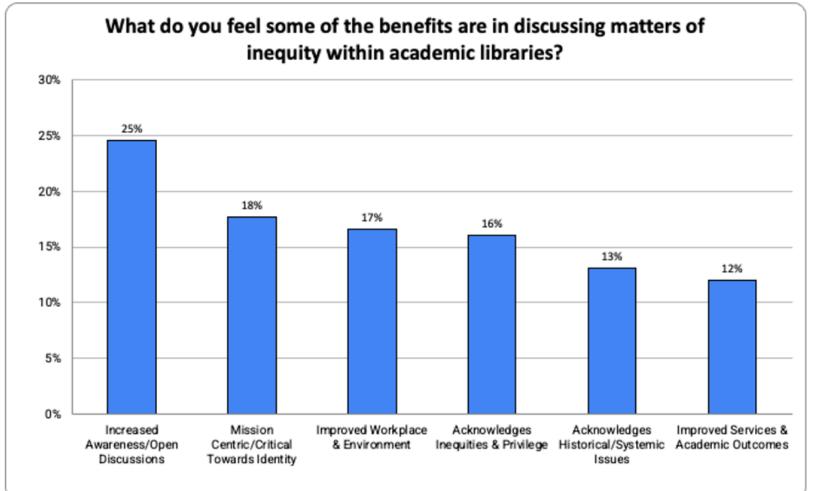


Open-ended Question (OeQ) Results: Question 1



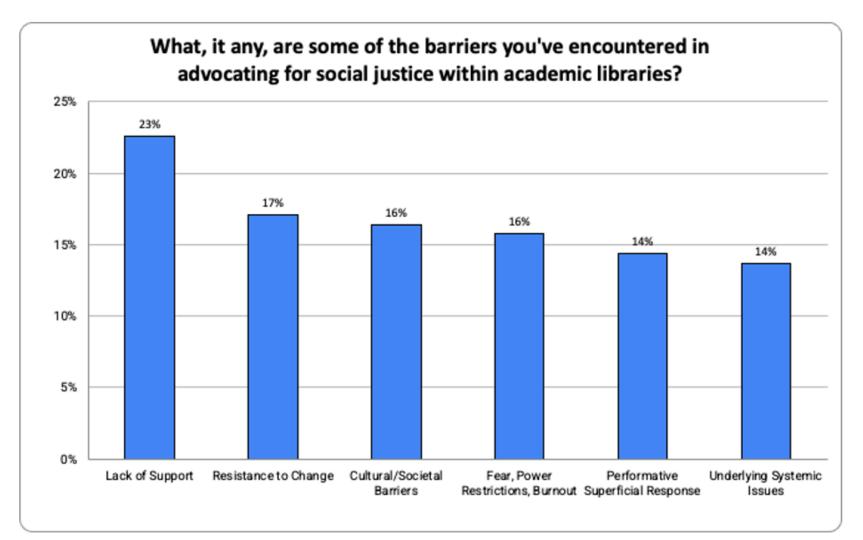
Category	Subcategories
Be Open, Supportive,	Support constituent needs,
Inclusive	Empathy, Respect identities,
	Be an ally w/out dominating,
	Ask questions
Provide Resources	Inclusive teaching, Critical
(e.g., Physical,	thinking practices,
Instructional)	Books/diverse collections,
	Displays, EDI materials, Events
Overtly Advocate,	Name the issues, Be specific,
Speak Up, Call it Out	Acknowledge privilege,
	Action/intention oriented
Listen, Observe,	Create a safe space, Be well
Withhold Judgement	informed, Center the voices,
	Be honest, Open discussions
Passive/Situational	Tread lightly, Avoid conflict,
Advocacy (It	Find common ground, Fear of
depends)	retribution, Only as it comes
	up
Committees,	Communities of Practice,
Outreach, Initiatives,	Inclusive Policies, IDEA, DEI,
Policy Change	Sustainability
	Committees/Initiatives, PD,
	Volunteering

OeQ Results: Question 2



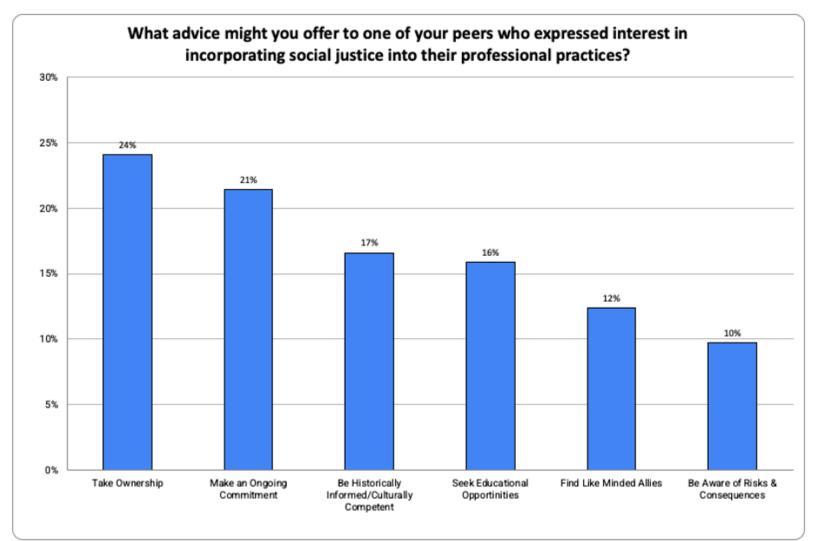
Category	Subcategories
Increased	Examine biases, Engage
Awareness/Open	students, peers, faculty,
Discussions	Critical thinking
Mission	Library Identity, Hub of the
Centric/Critical	campus & community,
Towards Identity	Shared space
Improved Workplace	Better climate for students
& Environment	and faculty of color,
	Welcoming atmosphere,
	Creating a safe space,
	Recruitment, Retention
Acknowledges	Power structures, Dismantle
Inequities & Privilege	barriers
Acknowledges	Address the problems from
Historical / Systemic	within, Racial demographic
Issues	disparities
Improved Services,	Access, Diverse collections,
Academic Outcomes	Address economic
	disadvantages

OeQ Results: Question 3



Category	Subcategories
Lack of Support	Institutional/Library
	leadership, Geographic,
	Budget/Funding
	restrictions, SJ work not
	incentivized/recognized,
	Contradicts current laws
	or policies
Resistance to Change	Maintain status quo, No
	problem/someone else's
	problem, Apathy,
	Disinterest
Cultural/Societal Barriers	White power, White
	fragility,
	Political/Conservative
	climate, Makes others
	uncomfortable
Fear, Power Restrictions,	Perceived as
Burnout	troublemaker, Ostracized,
	Non-tenured, Lacks
	experience/confidence,
	Faculty conflicts,
	Emotional exhaustion
Performative or	All talk/no action, Quick
Superficial Response	fixes, Unrealistic
	expectations, Tone deaf,
	Lack of commitment,
	Misunderstanding of
	social justice
Underlying Systemic	Ignores historical role,
Issues	Content/Subject
	neutrality, Classist
	environment,
	Undiversified resources,
	Inequitable
	compensation, Lack of PD

OeQ Results: Question 4



Category	Subcategories
Take Ownership	Be Persistent, Resilient,
	Humble, Patient &
	Persuasive, Interrogate
	biases, Build relationships,
	Leverage your privilege
Make an Ongoing	Start now/Start small, Be
Commitment	intentional, Do it for others
	and because it's right, Take
	action, Look for low-hanging
	fruit, Don't give up, Apply
	multiple approaches
Be Historically	Avoid the soapbox, White
Informed/Culturally	Savior complex, Assuaging
Competent	guilt, Be specific, Avoid
	jargon, Listen,
Seek Educational	PD, SJ specific training,
Opportunities	Committees,
	Campus/community events,
	Volunteer work
Find Like-Minded Allies	Mentors, Leaders and
	influencers, Support
	networks, Safety in numbers
Be Aware of the Risks &	Make Time for Self-Care,
Consequences	Reserve Energy, Professional
	consequences,
	Disagreement, Discomfort,
	Isolation, Time consuming

Qualitative Results: SJA Narratives

Alisha, a faculty librarian at a community college who serves as part of her library's leadership. First encounter: Ableism. Focus: ADA accessibility; equitable student support services.

Tracy, an associate librarian who is part of her library's administration at a small college. First encounter: Classism. Focus: Library specific diversity audit; incorporating DEI into her strategic initiatives.

Shay, who serves at a small university and has only one year in the profession. First encounter: Heterosexism. Focus: Professional development of library personnel in DEI; applying CRT within library pedagogy.

Jennifer, who hails from a mid-sized university and has a combined thirty-five years in library and leadership experience. First encounter: Sexism. Focus: Equitable pay; increasing staff compensation and benefits.

Michael, another seasoned librarian who is part blood American Indian serving at a large institution on a border state. First encounter: Ableism and bullying. Focus: Mentoring disadvantaged groups; National advocacy.

Sydney, a mid-career professional who leverages her position as a instruction librarian to further social justice reform. First encounter: Religious intolerance. Focus: Feminism and gender equality; library outreach.

SJA Demographics:

Personal: 5 females, 1 male, 26-64 years old, 5 White, 1 American Indian

Professional: 1-45 years of experience, all but one provided instruction; half were part of their library's administration

Institutional: Geographically dispersed; 3 universities, 2 colleges, 1 community college; 2 with < 20k students, 1 < 10k, and 3 < 5k

Qualitative SJA Results

What particular lived experiences led academic librarians who are actively involved in social reform to become SJAs?

Environmental

- Held significant privilege / Middle-to-upper-middle class households
- Strong support systems within family and community

Educational Development of Cultural Competency

- Awareness developed during college years
- Continuous learning / Professional development
- Organizational or National Participation / Committee Work

Experience as an Outsider

- Half of the SJAs identified LGBTQIA+ orientation as a source of isolation
- Witnessing or being victims of numerous other 'isms'

Qualitative SJA Results

What strategies do SJAs describe as having the most impact upon challenging the sociopolitical status quo within their library, institution, and beyond?

Direct Engagement with Underrepresented Groups

- Efforts to increase both student and staff engagement
- Infusing DEI into instructional pedagogies
- Breaking the culture of silence and neutrality

Create External Pathways for Students and Staff

- Internal initiatives that lead to advancement
- Mentorship

Form Alliances with Like-Minded Allies

- Increases success of any potential social justice initiative
- Seek out influential allies that hold higher levels of authority
- Safety in numbers; avoids isolation and burnout

Integrative (Mixed) Results

What personal attributes do advocates describe as necessary for enabling librarians to take on a greater social justice advocacy role?

Take Responsibility for Actions and Behavior

- Own your privilege
- Interrogate your biases

Develop the Art of Respectful Listening

- Open discussions ensuring all voices are heard
- Respectful dialog
- Withhold judgment

Be Open, Supportive, and Inclusive

- Understand the perspectives of those less privileged
- Be a respectful ally and observe boundaries
- Create a safer, more welcoming atmosphere

Integrative (Mixed) Results:

What individual, institutional, or societal barriers or challenges do advocates describe as impeding their efforts towards achieving social justice reform?

Performative/Superficial Response

- Low hanging fruit, box-checking, all talk no action
- Being uninformed or unaware on multiple fronts
- Half-hearted DEI initiatives

Lack of Support

- Budget restrictions / Lack of funding
- Social justice work neither acknowledged nor incentivized

Underlying Systemic Issues

- Historical role of libraries and academia
- Lack of diversity in staff, faculty, and librarians vs. student population

Implications for Practice

Implications for Practice: Support Issues

Academic librarians have a vested interest in social justice work and need support

We need people doing lots of different things. We need grunt work. We need Board members. We need bullhorns. We need bots. We need books. No one person should feel they need to do it all, but every single person has a role to play and can do something. Advocating for social justice is one thing. Being about it is another. Either is fine. Both is better. (Librarian Advocate)

I am so dedicated and stubborn in this regard I cannot retire until I get some staff upgraded! (Jennifer)

Many librarians, including whites, apply their own experiences of being marginalized

For my fellow BIPOC peers I would encourage them to not devote all of their energy to it, because it can be very exhausting to work to change the system while being actively oppressed by the system, and they don't owe any system that energy. (Librarian Advocate)

Knowing this is the environment and knowing this [region] and how I grew up here, I have my pride slides in my window, I openly talk about race. I say race. I say Black and White and Latinx. I say things instead of just diversity, and I have had students, mostly students of color really open up to me. (Shay)

There is an overwhelming need for institutional support as opposed to performative activism

When advocating for social justice, people (mostly higher-up faculty and administration) want to settle for safe DEI initiatives that provide a performative display of support. This is hurtful because the positive optics pivot away from real conversations that need to be had to improve inclusion and real social justice initiatives (pay equity, equitable professional development, funding, etc.). (Librarian Advocate)

Implications for Practice: Systemic Issues

Resistance to change within a culture of silence

A barrier that I see is a surface-level interest and discussion around DEI that is not matched by an equivalent amount of action. What work that is done tends to be around individual events and initiatives, rather than on a systemic policy level. Many of our colleagues believe in diversity as long as it doesn't disrupt their way of doing things, and as long as they themselves don't have to change how they think. (Librarian Advocate)

I honestly believe to my core that representation matters. Students need to see, hear up the wazoo, that there are faculty and staff on campus who have similar lived experiences to them. Because if we don't make that known to students, they're just going to feel Other. And those of us on the faculty who are Other, need to know that there are people like us, who are by virtue of our lived experiences, wedded to creating societal change. (Tracy)

Recruitment, hiring, and retention practices for inservice and preservice librarians

It's not that we don't try to hire more Hispanics and or other people of color. It's that they're not there. Because taking on a bunch of debt for a job that you start at \$42,000 a year, that's really hard to do. You're coming from privilege if you're able to do that. I'm 60 years old, I've been a librarian for over 30 years, and I am still living paycheck to paycheck. If I had kids, I don't know what I'd do...If we really want to work on our diversity, inclusion and equity, we have to work on the status of librarians, and get our pay up far enough that [persons of color] won't look at it and say, it's just not worth it. (Michael)

Uninterested administration. Lack of funding. Lack of valuing social justice advocacy as activities counting towards service/tenure. Emotional exhaustion and burnout. (Librarian Advocate)

Implications for Practice: Lack of Diversity

The need to serve an increasingly diverse student population

Every time they bring that up, everyone in the library is like, 'Well, they should answer the phone then.' ...if you're worried about retention, literally if you just answer the phone, miracles happen. (Alisha)

Many students come into the library spaces or receive a service from the library, so how we interact with them can greatly impact them on their academic journey, either directly or indirectly. Through an academic library's social justice efforts, students' sense of belonging, academic success, and world knowledge can be increased. Additionally, the faculty and staff that work in the library can have a more healthy work environment, one that fosters care and community and purpose. (Librarian Advocate)

Confront the problem of neutrality (aka: colorblindness)

If we don't talk about it, we won't really grapple with the fact that libraries are not really neutral spaces, as we like to think, and that our services aren't equitable - and if we don't grapple with that, we can't change it. (Librarian Advocate)

My stance on neutrality would be that any presumed neutrality is not actually neutral because it's probably silencing someone, and that it's okay to make arguments, but it's also necessary to listen respectfully and not shut down disagreement. But then, the problem is there are some disagreements that you should shut down because they are really harming someone. That's where the line is, I think. (Sydney)

I do not believe in library neutrality. I believe by their very existence, libraries are not neutral. And librarians who try to hide between content neutrality are hiding behind a wall of straw because neutrality is not possible for multiple reasons. (Michael)

Implications for Practice: Lack of Research

Not Enough Data on Sexual Orientation in Libraries

My biggest frustrations are two attitudes. First, we don't need this anymore and second, social justice only includes issues surrounding ethnicity but does not include issues surrounding sex/gender/societal roles and expectations. (Librarian Advocate)

Not Enough Data on Privileged Groups or Allies

Frameworks that seek to simplify and make accessible complicated dynamics never capture the full complexity of the situation or issue. (p. 7)*

Goodman's Attributes for Allies* vs. Current Study Advocacy Classification Scheme

Goodman (2011) Model of Ally Development	Present Study Advocate Classification Scheme
Qualities of an Effective Ally	Recommended Attributes for Advocacy
Knowledge of Oppression	Be Historically Informed
Self-Awareness	Acknowledge Inequities & Privilege
Humility	Listen, Observe, Withhold Judgement
Non-Defensiveness	Be Open, Supportive, Inclusive
Ability to choose appropriate action	Be Culturally Competent
Commitment to Stay Conscious and Engaged	Make an Ongoing Commitment
Accountability	Take Ownership
Overcoming Barriers to Action	Advice for Those Interested in Advocating
Maintain Historical Perspective on Social Change	Be Historically Informed / Culturally Competent
Find Examples of Successes	Seek Educational Opportunities / Mentors
See Yourself As / Be Part of a Community of Social Change	Build Relationships, Leverage Your Privilege
Find Others Who Share Your Commitment	Find Like-Minded Allies
Stay Motivated	Don't Give Up; Use Multiple Approaches
Start Small, Gain Small Successes	Start Small, Look for Low Hanging Fruit
Choose Activities that Speak to Your Passion and Morality	Be intentional / Start with Something You Know
Take Care of Yourself, Ebb and Flow of Social Involvement	Make Time for Self-Care, Reserve Energy

*Goodman, D. J. (2011). Promoting diversity and social justice: Educating people from privileged groups, (2nd ed.). Routledge Ltd.

Thank you!



Judy Brink Drescher, MLIS, MBA, EdD University Librarian Associate Dean for Learning Services jdrescher@molloy.edu

Link to full dissertation: https://digitalcommons.molloy.edu/etd/133

Appendix

Excerpts from an ELUNA learns 2021 Presentation: *Diversity, Equity, and Inclusiveness in Search Advisory Group Update*. On-demand Streaming available via: https://el-una.org/meetings/eluna-events-on-demand-playback/eluna-learns-2021/eluna-learns-dei-diversity-equity-and-inclusion/

Whiteness within the Overall Library Profession

ALA Members by Race or Family Origin

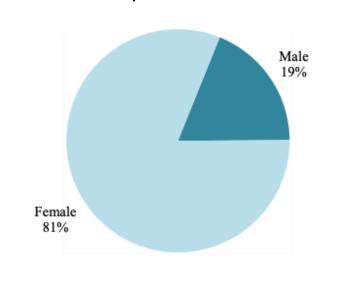
% of members self-identifying

	2014	2017
American Indian or Alaskan Native	1.1	1.2
Asian	3.5	3.6
Black or African American	4.3	4.4
Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	0.3	0.2
White	87.1	86.7
Other	3.7	4.0

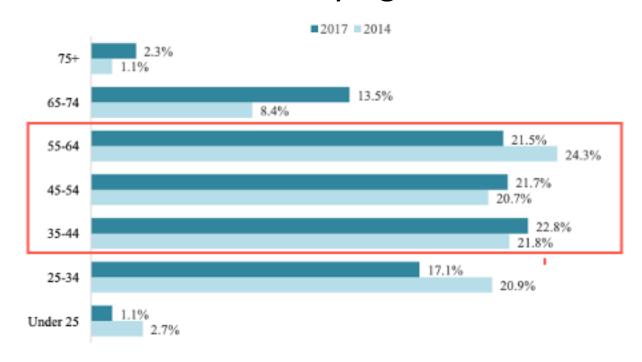
When asked "How do you describe your ethnicity?" in 2014, 3.9% responded "Hispanic or Latino." In 2017, 4.7% responded "Hispanic or Latino."

Gender & Age within the Overall Library Profession

ALA Members by Gender (2014 & 2017)



ALA Members by Age



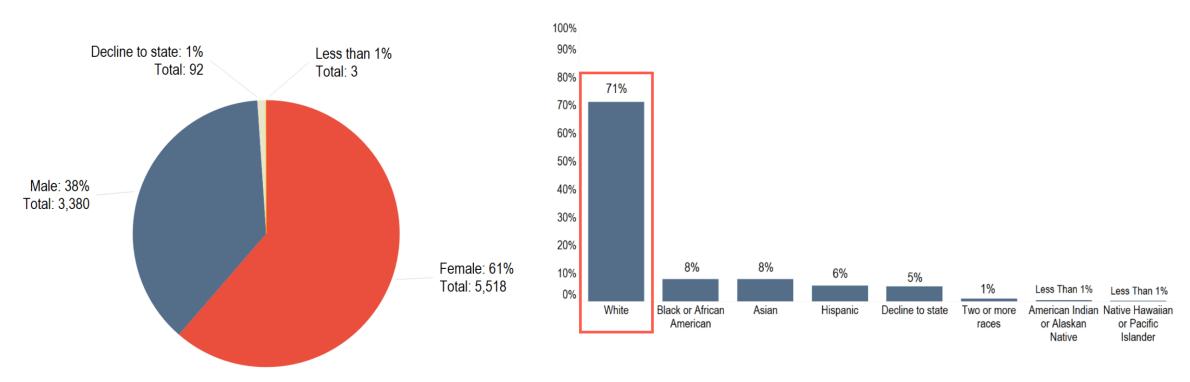
"As of January 9, 2017, 37,666 current members have participated in this voluntary, self-selected survey. 74% of current members have participated in the survey."

Ithaca S&R 2017 Report on Academic Libraries

Inclusion, Diversity, and Equity: ARL Demographics

Gender in the ARL

Race/Ethnicity



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Race & Ethnicity by Job Type

